Mental health aspects of the 2004 Tsunami.

Reference list compiled by Atle Dyregrov PhD, Center for Crisis Psychology, Bergen, Norway, e-mail address: <u>atle@uib.no</u>

- Bhugra, d., & van Ommeren, M. (2006). Mental health, psychosocial support and the tsunami. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 213–216.
- Bronisch, T., Maragkos, M., Freyer, C., Müller-Cyran, A., Butollo, W., Weimbs, R., & Platiel. P. (2006). Crisis intervention after the tsunami in Phuket and Khao Lak. *Crisis*, 27, 42–47.
- Carballo, M., Heal, B., & Horbaty, G. (2006). Impact of the tsunami on psychosocial health and well-being. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 217–223.
- Chandra, V., Pandav, R., & Bhugra, D. (2006). Mental health and psychosocial support after the tsunami: Observations across affected nations. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 205–211.
- Cheng, M. H. (2006). Post-tsunami boost to Southeast Asia's mental health care. *The Lancet*, 367, 15–17.
- De Silva, P. (2006). The tsunami and its aftermath in Sri Lanka: Explorations of a Buddhist perspective. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 281–287.
- Ganesan, M. (2006). Psychosocial response to disasters-some concerns. *International Review* of Psychiatry, 18, 241–247.
- Ghodse, H., & Galea, S. (2006). Tsunami: Understanding mental health consequences and the unprecedented response. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 289–297.
- Hollifield, M., Hewage, C., Gunawardena, C. N., Kodituwakku, P., Bopagoda, K., & Weerathnege, K. (2008). Symptoms and coping in Sri Lanka 20-21 months after the 2004 tsunami. *The British Journal of Psychiatry*, 192, 39–44.
- Justice, P. C. (2005). Making waves in Thailand. Working with individuals and families who survived the Tsunami. *FORUM*, *10*, 7–11.
- Kerslake, D. (2005). Coming home after the tsunami. Bereavement Care, 24, 3-6.
- Kostelny, K., & Wessells, M. (2005). Psychosocial aid to children after the Dec 26 tsunami. *The Lancet*, *366*, 2066–2067.
- Maegele, M., Gregor, S., Steinhausen, E., Bouillon, B., Hess, M. M., Perbix, W. et. al. (2005). The long distance tertiary air transfer and care of tsunami victims: Injury pattern and microbiological and psychological aspects. *Critical Care Medicine*, *33*, 1136–1140.
- Math, S., Grimaji, S. C., Benegal, V., Kumar, G. S., U., Hamza, A., & Nagaraja, D. (2006). Tsunami: Psychosocial aspects of Andaman and Nicobar islands. Assessment and intervention in the early phase. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 233–239.
- Nadu, T. (2006). Report of the psychosocial support programme in tsunami-affected populations in India. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 299–308.
- Neuner, F., Schauer, E., Catani, C., Ruf, M., & Elbert, T. (2006). Post-tsunami stress: a study of posttraumatic stress disorder in children living in three severely affected regions in Sri Lanka. *Journal of Traumatic Stress*, *19*, 339–347.
- Nikapota, A. (2006). After the tsunami: A story from Sri Lanka. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 275–279.
- Nwe, Y. Y. (2005). Children and the Tsunami, a year on. A draft UNICEF summary of what worked. 1–12.
- Plan. (2005). Children and the Tsunami. Engaging with children in disaster response, recovery and risk reduction: Learning from children's participation in the tsunami response. 1–46.
- Rofi, A., Doocy, S., & Robinson, C. (2006). Tsunami mortality and displacement in Aceh province, Indonesia. *Disasters*, *30*, 340–350.

- Rosati, M. J. (2006). Effectively addressing the mid-and and long-term needs of young people affected by the tsunami in Aceh: An on-site assessment. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 265–269.
- Saxena, S., van Ommeren, M., Saraceno, B. (2006). Mental health assistance to populations affected by disasters: World Health Organization's role. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 199–204.
- Silove, D., & Zwi, A. B. (2005). Translating comparison into psychosocial aid after the Tsunami. *The Lancet*, *365*, 269–271.
- Sumathipala, A., Siribaddana, S., & Perera, C. (2006). Management of dead bodies as a component of psychosocial interventions after the tsunami: A view from Sri Lanka. *International Review of Psychiatry*, *18*, 249–257.
- Tang, C. S-K. (2007). Trajectory of traumatic stress symptoms in the aftermath of extreme natural disaster. A study of adult Thai survivors of the 2004 Southeast Asian earthquake and Tsunami. *The Journal of Nervous and Mental Disease*, *195*, 54–59.
- van Griensven, F., Chakkraband, M. L.S., Thienkrua, W., Cardozo, B. L., Tantipiwatanaskul, P., Mock, P. A. et al. (20069. Mental health problems among adults in tsunamiaffected areas in southern Thailand. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 296, 537–548.
- Van Rooyen, M., & Leaning, J. (2005). After the Tsunami-facing the public health challenges. *New England Journal of Medicine*, 352, 435–438.
- Vijaykumar, L., Thara, R., John, S., & Chellappa, S. (2006). Psychosocial interventions after tsunami in Tamil Nardu, India. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 225–231.
- Visanuyothin, T., Chakrabhand, S., & Bhugra, D. (2006). Tsunami and mental health in Thailand. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 271–273.
- Wickrama, K.A. S., & Thulitha Wickrama, K. A. (2007). Family context of mental health risk in Tsunami affected mothers: Findings from a pilot study in Sri Lanka. Social Science & Medicine, 64, 713–23
- Yule, W. (2006). Theory, training and timing. Psychosocial interventions in complex emergencies. *International Review of Psychiatry*, 18, 1–6.